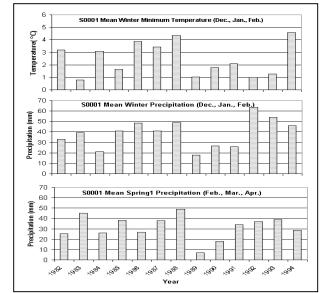
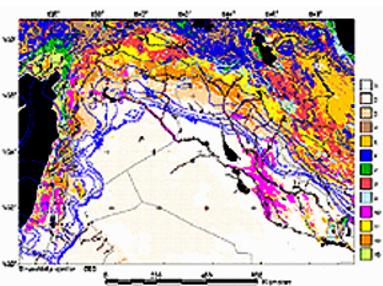
Climate Change and Human Response in the Semi Arid Near East P.I. Ron Smith, Yale University

- •Quantify aspects of regional environmental change on the mesoscale (5-500km) related to interannual climate variation, alterations in population density and agricultural strategies in the Middle East.
- •Using remote sensing (AVHRR and Landsat), climate data, and field work with local experts, assess the drivers of regional environmental change and model land cover changes.
- •Supplemental irrigation in the spring creates problems in the satellite landcover classification, therefore summer crops will be focus
- •Winter precipitation (Dec, Jan, Feb) and minimum temperatures in the spring (Feb, Mar, April) are strong influences on specific vegetation zones in different months.
- •Potentional polciy impacts:
- -farming and grazing on marginal areas,
- -cropping efficiency
- -Irrigration; water consumption,
- -land restoration,
- •-population growth and migration





SWAP13 Multitemporal Unsupervised Classification of 1km Composite NDVI 10/1992-9/1993